<u>ክፍል በ፡- ዓመታዊ የሀገር ሀብት ውጤት</u>

የሀገር ሀብትን ግምት ለማስላት ሦስት ዓይነት መሠሬታዊ የአሠላል ዘዴዎች መጠቀም ይቻላል፡፡ ይኽውም በሚኖሩ ስታቲስቲካዊ መረጃዎች ላይ ተመስርቶ ከምርት አንፃር፣ ከንቢ አንፃርና ከወጪ አንፃር የማስላት ዘዴ ነው፡፡

- 1. <u>ከምርት አንፃር፡-</u> የማምረቻ ማከፋፈያና የአንልግሎት ሰጪ ድርጅቶች ከሚያመርቱት/ ከሚያመነጩት የዕቃዎችና አንልግሎቶች ጠቅሳሳ ዋ*ጋ* ሳይ የምርት ግብአቶችን ዋ*ጋ* በመቀነስ ማስሳት፣
- 2. <u>ከንቢ አንባር፡-</u> የዕቃዎቹና አንልግሎቶቹ አምራቾች *ያገኙት* ጠቅሳሳ *ገ*ቢ እንደ ጠቅሳሳ ምርት በማስብ የሚሰሳበት ዘዴ፣
- 3. <u>ከወጪ አንፃር፡-</u> ለመጨረሻ ተጠቃሚ ከዋሉት *ዕቃዎ*ችና አንልግሎቶች ጠቅሳሳ ዋ*ጋ* ላይ ከውጭ አንር የተንዙትን/የንቡትን *ዕቃዎ*ችና አንልግሎቶች ጠቅሳሳ ዋ*ጋ* በመቀነስ የማስሳት ዘዴ ነው።

የኢትዮጵያ ዓመታዊ የሀገር ሀብት ለማዘጋጀት በብዛት ጥቅም ላይ የዋለው የአሠራር ዘኤ በተራ ቁጥር አንድ እንደተጠቀሰው ሲሆን በተ.ቁ. ሦስት የተመለከተው ደግሞ ያገለገለው ለአስተዳደር፣ ለመከላከያ፣ ለትምህርት፣ ለሕክምና ለጤናና ለመሳሰሎት የኢኮኖሚው ክፌለ አካሎች ነው። በተራ ቁጥር ሁለት የታየው የአሠራር ዘኤ የግል ግል ጋሎቶች ብቻ ለማጠቃለል የሚረዳ ሲሆን በብዛት ጥቅም ላይ አልዋለም። ጠቅላላ የዕቃዎችና ግል ጋሎቶች ዋጋ በየመነጨበት የኢኮኖሚው ክፌለ አካል ተለይቶ የታየ ቢሆንም ዕቃዎቹን ወይም ግል ጋሎቶቹን ላስንኙት ሰዎች የተከፈለውን ደመወዝና አበል የመሳሰሎትን ገቢዎች ከፋፍሎ አያሳይም። በተራ ቁጥር ሦስት መሠረት በወጪ መልክ የተዘጋጀው የሀገሪቱ ሀብት በዕቃዎችና በግል ጋሎቶች ዓይነት ተለይቶ ያልተሰጠ ቢሆንም ለግል ኑሮ የተደረጉ ውጪ ዎች ግምት ላይ ለመድረስ የተቻለው በማዕከላዊ ስታቲስቲክስ ኤጀንሲ በየጊዜው የተካሔዱትን የከተማና የገጠር የቤተሰብ ፍጆታ ጥናት በመጠቀም ነው።

ከበጀት ዓመትና ከጠቅላላ መንግሥታዊ የልጣት ፕላኖች *ጋር ግንኙ*ነት እንዲኖረውና የፕላኑም ሥራ ላይ መዋልን ለመቆጣጠር እንዲያስችል በማለት የብሔራዊ ሀብት ውጤትን መረጃዎች ከአውሮፓ የቀን አቆጣጠር ወደ በጀት ዓመት ጊዜ ማዛወር አስፈላጊ ሆኖ ተገኝቷል። የሀገር ሀብት ግምት አወጣጡን ለመግለጽ የዋና ዋና አርእስት ትርጉምና **ጣ**ብራሪያ ከዚህ በታች ተገልጿል።

ጠቅሳሳ የሀገር ውስጥ ምርት በገቢያ ዋጋ፡- በሀገሪቱ ውስጥ የተሠሩትን ዕቃዎችና የተፈጸሙትን ግልጋሎቶች በገበያ ዋጋ የሚያጠቃልል ሲሆን የካፒታል ንብሬት መቀነስን አይመለከትም። በሌላ አይነት የአሠራር ዘዶ ደግሞ የግልና የመንግሥት የአላቂ ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ፍጆታ ወጪዎችን ጠቅሳሳ የሀገር ውስጥ የካፒታል ክምችትንና በዕቃዎችና በግልጋሎቶች ንግድ ያለውን የለውጥ ሚዛን ሲደመሩ ተመሳሳይ ውጤት ያስገኛሉ።

ጠቅሳሳ የሀገር ውስጥ ምርት በተሠራበት ዋጋ። የሀገር ውስጥ ምርትን በማውጣት ላይ ስተሰማራው የሠራተኛ ጉልበትና ሴሎች የምርት ኃይሎች የተደረገውን ክፍያ የካፒታል ዓመታዊ የሕርጅና ወጪን ያጠቃልሳል። ይህም በጊዜው የገበያ ዋጋ ከሚቀርበው ጠቅሳሳ የሀገር ውስጥ ምርት የሂግብ ተመን የሚሰየው ቀጥተኛ ያልሆኑትን ታክሶች ስለማይጨምር ናመንግሥት ለማምረቻ ድርጅቶች የሚሰጣቸውን ድጋፎች ስለሚያጠቃልል ነው።

ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት በገበያ ዋጋ። የኢትዮጵያ ነዋሪዎች በሀገር ውስጥም ሆነ በውጭ ሀገር የሥሩአቸውን ዕቃዎችና የፌጸሙአቸውን ግልጋሎቶች በገበያ ዋጋ የሚያጠቃልል ሲሆን የካፒታል ንብረት መቀነስን አይመስከትም። ይህ ውጤት ከጠቅሳሳው የሀገር ውስጥ ምርት በገበያ ዋጋ ጋር የሚለያየው ከውጭ አገር የተገኘውን የተጣራ የሥራና የንብረት ገቢ ስለሚጫምር ነው።

<u>ከውጭ አገር የተገኘ የተጣራ የሥራና የንብረት ገቢ</u>:- ሕንጳ ወሰድና ትርፍ የመሳስሎትንየሥራና የንብረት ገቢዋች ለኢትዮጵያ የተከፈሎትን እንዲሁም ለሴሎች ሀገሮች ወጪ የተደረጉትን በማቀናነስ የተገኘ ሂሣብ ነው።

<u>ማሳዊ የዓሳቂ ዕቃዎችና ግል,ጋሎቶች ፍጆታ ወጪ</u>፡- ለቤተሰብም ወይም አትራፊ ሳልሆኑድርጅቶች ጥቅም የዋሱ ዕቃዎችና ግል,ጋሎቶች ጠቅሳሳ ዋጋ ሲሆን በስጦታ መልክ ከውጭሀገር የመጡትን ዕቃዎች የተጣራ ዋ*ጋን*ም ይጫምራል፡፡ <u>መንግሥታዊ የአሳቂ ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ፍጆታ ወጪ</u>:- ለመንግሥት ጥቅም የዋሉትን ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ጠቅሳሳ ዋጋ ይገልጻል፡፡ ይህም የሠራተኛን ደመወዝና አበል ፣መንግሥት የገዛቸውን አሳቂ ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ዋጋ ሲያጠቃልል የመንግሥት ሽያጮችን ግን ተቀናሽ ያደርጋል፡፡ በድጋፍ መልክ የተደረጉትን ወጪዎች፣ ለወለድና ለዕርዳታ የተክፈለ የመንግሥት ሂሣብ በዚህ ርዕስ ውስጥ አይገቡም፡፡

ጠቅሳሳ የማይንቀሳቀስ ካፒታል ክምችት፡- ቤተሰቦች ፣ ድርጅቶችና እንዲሁም መንግስት የንዙአቸውና ወይም የሠሩአቸውን አሳቂ ያልሆኑ የማምረቻ ንብረቶች ዋ*ጋ* ይገልጻል፡፡ እንዚህም ንብረቶች እንደ መሬት፣ ሕንጻ፣ የፋብሪካና የመንጓዣ መሣሪያዎችን የመሳሰሉ ናቸው፡፡

ማሳሰቢያ:-

- 1. እንደ መቶኛ ይታስብ የነበረው የ1953 ዋ*ጋ* ከ1973 ጀምሮ ወደ 1973 መቶኛ ተቀይሀል።
- 2. በዚህ እትም ያለውን የሀገር ሀብት ስታቲስቲክስ በተመለከተ የቀረበው መረጃ ከንንዘብና ኢኮኖሚ ልማት ሚኒስቴር በተገኘ መረጃ ላይ በመመስረት ነው።

SECTION J: NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

In Principle, in the measurement of national accounts aggregates three basic approaches may be applied depending upon the available statistics, i.e. production, income and expenditure approaches.

- (I) <u>The production approach</u>: takes production as the total value of goods and services less intermediate inputs originating in the various industries which make up the economy.
- (Ii) <u>The income approach</u>: considers production as the sum of the incomes received by those producing these goods and services.
- (iii) <u>The expenditure approach</u>: sums up the value of the final uses of goods and services reduced by the value of imports of goods and services.

In Ethiopia's National Accounts, the production approach has been mainly used but the expenditure approach is applied in the case of Public Administration and Defense, Education, Medical and Health Services. The income approach is hardly used except in some service sectors such as domestic services. The total value of goods and services thus arrived at has been given according to the industry producing them. However, no breakdown by type of factor income has been attempted. In the expenditure side of Ethiopia's National Accounts private consumption expenditure was arrived at by utilizing information from rural and urban consumption surveys conducted by the Central Statistical Authority over the years.

Since the reference period for the government budget and plans in general is the Ethiopian Fiscal Year (E. F. Y.), in order to facilitate the monitoring and evaluation of plan implementation it has been decided to change the reference period of national

accounts data from G. C. Y. To E. F. Y. Accordingly, all national accounts tables except the Rest of the World Accounts have been complied in the E. F. Y.

The concepts and definitions of major aggregates used in the National Accounts are given below.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Market Prices: is the market value of the goods and services produced within the territory of Ethiopia, before any allowance is made for the consumption of fixed capital. It is equal to the sum of consumption expenditure by private consumers and government, gross domestic capital formation, and net export of goods and services.

<u>Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Factor Cost</u>: is the sum of income accruing from the production of goods and services. It differs from the Gross Domestic Product at Market Price by the amount equal to indirect taxes less of subsidies.

Gross National Product (GNP) at Market Prices: is the market value of goods and services before deduction of provision for the consumption of fixed capital, attributable to the factors of production supplied by residents of Ethiopia. It is equal to the sum of consumption expenditure, gross domestic capital formation, and net export of goods and services plus net factor income received from abroad. It differs from the Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices by the amount of net factor income from abroad.

Net Factor Income from Abroad: is excess of factor incomes (interest, dividends, profits, etc.) paid abroad over factor incomes received from abroad.

Private Consumption Expenditure: is the value of goods and services (purchased or self-produced) consumed by households and private non-profit institutions plus the net value of gifts in kind received from abroad.

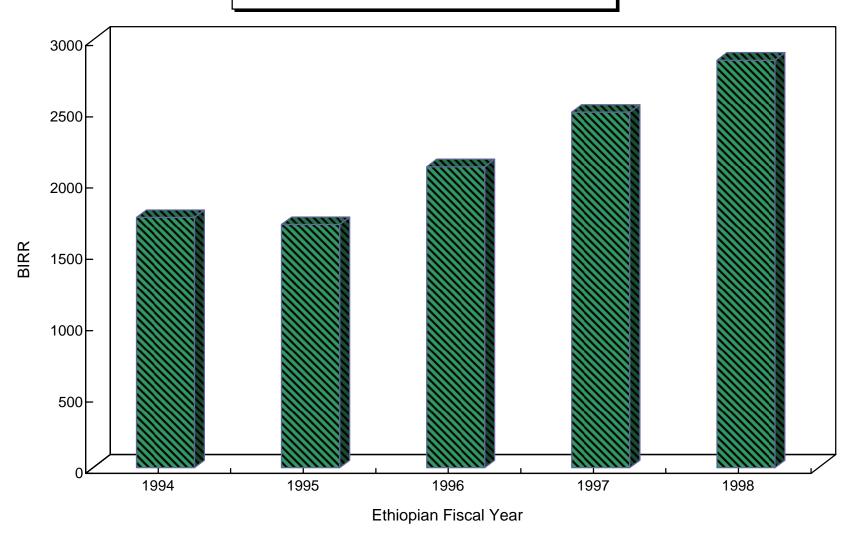
Government Consumption Expenditure: represents the current expenditure on goods and services by central and municipal government. It comprises compensation of employees, purchases by government from local enterprises and from abroad, less sale by government of goods and services. Government consumption expenditure excludes transfer payments, interest paid by government and subsidies.

<u>Gross Fixed Capital Formation</u>: includes the value of the purchases and own account construction of fixed assets (land, civil construction and works, machinery and equipment) by enterprises, households, private non-profit institutions and government.

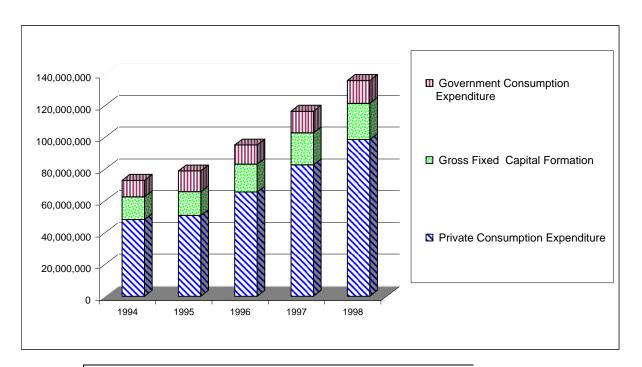
<u>N.B.</u>

- 1. The base year 1960/61=100 is changed to 1980/81=100 since 1980/81
- The National account data in this volume are based on data obtained from Ministryof Finance and Economic Development.

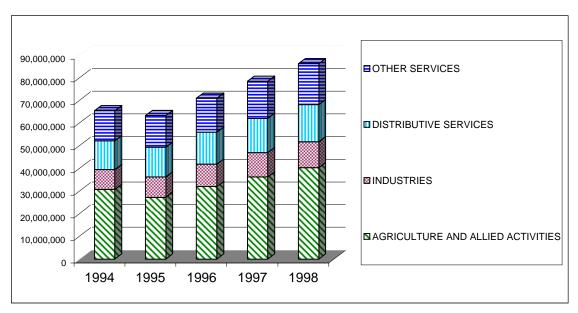
J.1 GNP PER CAPITA AT MARKET PRICES



J.2 EXPENDITURE ON GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES (MILLION BIRR)



J.3 GDP BY INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN AT CONSTANT FACTOR COST (MILLION BIRR)



የሀገር ሀብት ወፈጤት ጣጠቃስያ SUMMARY OF NATIONAL ACCUONTS STATISTICS

ωንmሬዥ በ-1 በሽ. ብር IN THOUSAND BIRR

<i>ሥን</i> ጠሬዠ በ-1	וווו, זונג		IN THOUSAND BIRR			
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	
1 ጠቅሳሳ የሀገር ውስተ ምርት በጊዜው በተሥራብት ዋ <i>ጋ</i>	58,366,734.0	63,665,036.6	74,278,514.2	89,929,946.1	105,891,480.0	GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT CURRENT BASIC PRICE
2 ከውጭ አገር የተገኘ የተጣራ የሥነና የንብረት ገቢ	(230,803.0)	(334,502.7)	(327,560.0)	(121,100.0)	(86,800.0)	2. NET FACTOR INCOME FROM ABROAD
3 ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት በተሰኀበት ዋጋ (1+2)	58,135,931.0	63,330,533.9	73,950,954.2	89,808,846.1	105,804,680.0	3. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT BASIC PRICE (1+2)
4 ቀተተኛ ያልሆኑ ቀረጦች	57,905,128.0	62,996,031.3	73,623,394.2	89,687,746.1	105,717,880.0	4. INDIRECT TAXES (NET OF SUSIDIES)
5 ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት በገበደ ዋ <i>ጋ</i> (3+4)	116,271,862.0	126,661,067.9	147,901,908.4	179,617,692.2	211,609,359.9	5. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICE (3+4)
6 ጠቅሳሳ የአገር ውስተ ካፒታል ክምችት	14,246,782.9	14,891,180.2	17,461,513.5	20,165,273.7	22,832,728.4	6. GROSS DOMESTIC CAPITAL FORMATION
7 ጠቅሳሳ የካፒታል ክምችት ከጠቅሳሳው ብሔራዋ ምርት/በግቢያ ዋ <i>ጋ/ ጋ</i> ር ሲ <i>መጣ</i> ጠን (በመቶኛ)	12.3	11.8	11.8	11.2	10.8	7. GROSS DOMESTIC CAPITAL FORMATION AS PERCENT OF GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES
8 የአመቱ አጋማሽ የህዝብ ብዛት	66,282.0	68,173.5	70,096.5	72,055.0	74,065.3	8.MID YEAR POPULATION ("000)
9 ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት በነፍስ ወከፍ /በኅበ <i>ያ ዋጋ</i> በብር/	1,754.2	1,705.5	2,110.0	2,492.8	2,857.1	9. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT PER CAPITA (AT MARKET PRICE IN BIRR)
10 የ1992 እንደ መቶ በማስብ አጠቃሳይ የምርት ዋ <i>ጋ መመ</i> ጠኛ	100.0	95.6	90.8	102.2	112.9	10. IMPLICIT PRICE INDEX (1999/2000 = 100)
11 ጠቅሳሳ የአገር ውስተ ምርት ዓመታዊ ዕድገት ያለፈውን ዓመት አንደ መቶ በማሰብ /በ1992 ዋ <i>ጋ</i> /	5.5	7.3	(0.4)	(3.7)	11.3	11. ANNUAL RATE OF GROWTH IN REAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT 1999/2000 PRICES (WITH PREVIOUS YEAR AS 100)
	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	2004/2005	2005/2006	

1993 - የመጀመሪያ ደረጃ ስሌት

2000/2001- Provisional

Figures in () are negative values

The series of "-" meaning data not available is due to lack of information.

* Revised figures.

Data Source: Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (MoFED)

ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት ሳይ የተደረገ ወጪ በጊዜው የገበያ ዋጋ EXPENDITURE ON GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT CURRENT MARKET PRICES

<i>wን</i> ጠረዥ በ-2	ท์ ก-2				IN THOUSANDS BIRR		
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998		
ግሳዊ የአሳቂ <i>ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች</i> ፍጆታ ወጪ	48,272,652.6	50,905,936.8	65,646,252.7	82,716,172.5	98,620,051.5	Private Consumption Expenditure	
መንግሥታዊ የአሳቂ ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ፍጆታ ወጪ	10,393,400.0	13,125,400.0	12,013,100.0	13,545,300.0	14,298,700.0	Government Consumption Expenditure	
ጠቅሳሳ የማይንቀሳቀስ ካፒታል ክምችት ሳይ የተደረገ ወጪ	14,246,782.9	14,891,180.2	17,461,513.5	20,165,273.7	22,832,728.4	Gross Fixed Capital Formation	
በፍጆታና በካፒታል ክምችት ላይ የተደረገ ወጪ	76,825,308.9	84,712,208.2	93,243,134.5	112,232,134.7	129,603,012.4	Expenditure on consumption and Gross capital formation	
ወደ ውጭ ከተሳኩ ዕታዎችና ማል <i>ጋሎቶች የተግኘ</i>	8,027,387.3	9,778,050.0	11,611,838.0	15,578,800.0	17,459,500.0	Export of Goods and Services	
ከውጭ አገር ለገቡ <i>ዕቃዎችና</i> ግል <i>ጋሎቶች የተደረገ ወ</i> ጪ ሲቀነስ	17,709,456.8	20,137,033.0	25,305,750.0	33,728,700.0	37,708,300.0	Less Imports of Goods and Services	
ጠትሳሳ የሀገር ውስተ ምርት ወጨ በገቢያ ዋጋ	63,461,569.0	68,898,036.6	81,754,514.2	98,397,946.1	115,589,480.0	Expenditure on Gross Domestic Product at Current Market Prices	
ከውጭ አገር የተገኘ የተጣራ የሥራና የንብረት ገቢ	(230,803.0)	(334,503.0)	(327,560.0)	(121,100.0)	(86,600.0)	Net Factor Income from Abroad	
ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት ሳይ የተደረገ ወጪ	63,692,372.0	69,232,539.6	82,082,074.2	98,519,046.1	115,676,080.0	Expenditure on Gross National Product	
						DEDOENTAGE GUADE TO ODD	
<u>በፐርሰንቴጅ ሲተነተን</u>						PERCENTAGE SHARE TO GDP	
ማሳዊ የአሳቂ <i>ዕቃዎችና ግ</i> ል <i>ጋሎቶች ·</i> ፍጆታ ወጪ	76.1	73.9	80.3	84.1	85.3	Private Consumption Expenditure	
መንግሥታዊ የአሳቂ ዕቃዎችና ግልጋሎቶች ፍጆታ ወጪ	16.4	19.1	14.7	13.8	12.4	Government Consumption Expenditure	
ጠቅሳሳ የማይንቀሳቀስ ካፒታል ክምችት ሳይ የተደረገ ወጪ	22.4	21.6	21.4	20.5	19.8	Gross Fixed Capital Formation	
ወደ ውጭ ከተሳኩ ዕቃዎችና ግል <i>ጋ</i> ሎቶች የተገኘ	12.6	14.2	14.2	15.8	15.1	Export of Goods and Services	
ከውጭ አገር ለገቡ <i>ዕቃዎችና</i> ግል <i>ጋሎቶች የተደረገ ወ</i> ጪ ሲቀነስ	27.9	29.2	31.0	34.3	32.6	Less Imports of Goods and Services	
ከውጭ አገር የተገኘ የተጣራ የሥራና የንብራት ገቢ						Net Factor Income from Abroad	
ጠቅሳሳ ብሔራዊ ምርት ሳይ የተደረገ ወጪ						Expenditure on Gross National Product	
	1999/2000	2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2002/2003		

1993- የመጀመሪያ ደረጃ ስሌት

2000/2001- Provisional

Figures in () are negative values
The series of "-" meaning data not available is due to lack of information.

* Revised figures.

Data Source: Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (MoFED)

ጠቅ<mark>ሳሳ የአገር ውስ</mark>ዋ ምርት በመነጨበት የኢኮኖሚ ተዘርፍ በ1992 በተሰራበት መደበኛ ዋ*ጋ* GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY INDUSTRIAL ORIGIN AT 1999/2000 CONSTANT PRICE

*ውን*ጠሬዥ በ-3 IN THOUSANDS BIRR

<i>ሥን</i> ጠሬኘና በ-3						IN THOUSANDS BIRR
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	
ከእርሻ	30,763,808.5	27 257 000 5	31,978,911.7	36,249,954.2	40 207 400 0	AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES
<u> </u>	18,743,173.3			17,305,409.9	21,766,250.8	
Au-1	7,366,247.2	7,592,888.1	7,572,197.4	7,190,258.5		Livestock and Hunting
ደን	3,366,060.7	3,454,774.9	3,551,180.3	3,654,560.1	3,751,822.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ና / ዓሳ <i>ማ</i> ስገር	23,847.2	23,404.6	27,808.6	28,893.1	30,337.8	
71	20,011.2	20, 10 1.0	27,000.0	20,000.1	00,007.0	i ioning
<u>ከኢንዱስትሪ</u>	8,737,130.2	9,003,030.4	9,900,330.5	10,702,464.0	11,496,004.8	INDUSTRIES
ከ <i>ጣዕድንና ድንጋይ ጣውጣት</i>	285,741.2	288,061.5	326,258.1	349,870.0	377,859.6	Mining and Quarrying
ከፋብሪካዎች	3,427,129.6	3,599,657.5	3,534,754.2	3,561,204.0	3,751,759.8	Manufacturing
ከመብራት፣ ኤሌክትሪክ ኃይልና ውሃ	1,334,578.9	1,378,954.1	1,512,315.9	1,577,345.0		Electricity and Water
ከሕ <i>ንፃዎችና መንገድ ሥራዎች</i>	2,409,072.7	2,550,241.9	2,839,219.1	3,176,126.9	3,436,569.3	Construction
ከማከፋፊል <i>ሥራ</i>	12,713,027.2	13,082,556.2	14,154,417.7	15,236,601.2	16 260 099 0	DISTRIBUTIVE SERVICES
<u> </u>	8,571,165.3	8,869,147.2	8,941,664.5	9,042,019.1		Trade Hotels and Restaurants
ከመ33ዣና መገናኛ	2,711,014.4	3,101,330.4	3,210,338.2	3,470,376.0		Transport and Communications
ከመኖሪያ ቤቶች ባለቤትነት	2,711,014.4	3,101,330.4	3,210,330.2	3,470,370.0	3,7 13,302.0	Transport and Communications
ከልዩ ልዩ አንልግሎቶች	13,234,530.0	14,039,281.6	14,939,400.5	16,299,094.3	18 077 387 8	OTHER SERVICES
ከባንክና ኢንሹራንስ	5,459,110.0	5,698,587.0	5,868,406.6	6,106,354.7		Banking and Insurance & Real Estate
ከአስተዳደርና መከሳከያ	4,096,012.1	3,809,308.1	3,300,535.7	3,267,530.2	, ,	Public Adminstration and Defence
ከትምህርት አገልግሎት	1,476,781.2	1,641,683.2	1,766,491.4	1,965,553.3	2,181,763.2	
ከሕክምናና የጤና አገልግሎቶች	571,920.1	639,052.4	728,640.0	734,469.0	793,227.0	
ከቤት ውስተ አገልግሎቶች እና ሌሎች	1,311,418.5	1,362,604.9	1,430,533.5	1,500,207.3		Domestic Services and Others
	1,011,110.0	(3.2)	12.0	10.6	9.9	
ድምር	65,448,495.9	· /	70,973,060.4	78,488,113.8		TOTAL GDP AT CONSTANT FACTOR COS
		,,				
<u>በፐርሰንቴጅ ሲተነተን</u>						PERCENTAGE SHARE
ከእርሻ	47.0	43.0	45.1	46.2	46.7	AGRICULTURE AND ALLIED ACTIVITIES
<u> IIIG4</u>	28.6	34.0	29.2	22.0		Crop
እርሻ	11.3	12.0	10.7	9.2		Livestock and Hunting
<u>ደ</u> ን	5.1	5.5	5.0	4.7		Forestry
94 <i>9</i> 01C	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04		Fishing
	0.0.					
ከኢ <i>ን</i> ዱስትሪ	13.3	14.2	13.9	13.6	13.3	INDUSTRIES
ከማሪድንና ድን <i>ጋ</i> ይ ማውጣት	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	Mining and Quarrying
ከፋብሪካዎች	5.2	5.7	5.0	4.5		Manufacturing
ከሕንፃዎችና <i>መንገድ ሥራዎች</i>	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0	Electricity and Water
ከመብራት፣ ኤሌክትሪክ ኃይልና ውሃ	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	Construction
<u>ከማከፋፈል ሥራ</u>	19.4	20.6	19.9	19.4	19.0	DISTRIBUTIVE SERVICES
ከንግድ፣ ሆቴልና ሬስቶራንት	13.1	14.0	12.6	11.5	11.2	Trade Hotels and Restaurants
ከመጓጓዣና መገናኛ	4.1	4.9	4.5	4.4	4.3	Transport and Communications
ከልዩ ልዩ አገልግሎቶች	20.2	22.1	21.0	20.8	21 በ	OTHER SERVICES
 ከባንክና ኢንሹራንስ እና የማይንቀሳቀስ 3	8.3	9.0	8.3	7.8		Banking and Insurance and real estate
ከአስተዳደርና መስሳከያ	6.3	6.0	4.7	4.2		Public Adminstration and Defence
ከትምህርት አገልግሎት	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.5		Education
ከሕክምናና የጤና አገልግሎቶች	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9		Health
ከቤት ውስተ አገልግሎቶች እና ሌሎች	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9		Domestic Services and Others
ድምር	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		TOTAL
	1999/2000	2000/2001	2001/2002	2002/2003	2003/2004	

1993 - የመጀመሪያ ደረጃ ስሴት 2000/2001 = Provisional Actual The series of "-" meaning data not available is due to lack of information. * Most of the data are revised. Data Source: Ministry of Finance and Economic Development (MoFED)